

framatome

RIMA project proposal

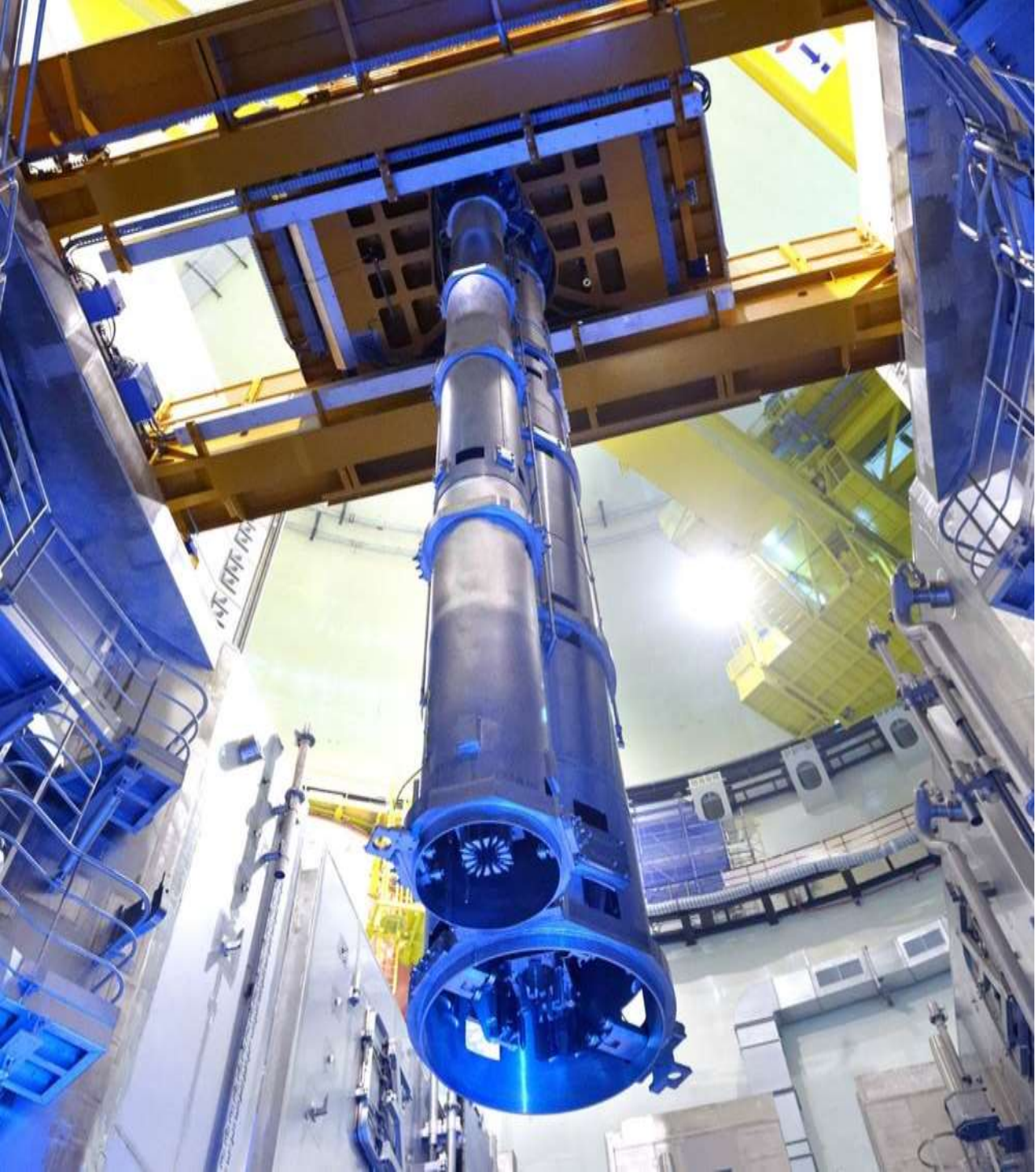
Description of the industrial case

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Nano-Innov

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Framatome at a glance

For 60 years, Framatome's teams have been involved in developing safe and competitive nuclear power worldwide by:

- designing nuclear power plants,
- supplying nuclear steam supply systems,
- designing and manufacturing components and fuel assemblies,
- integrating automation systems,
- and servicing all types of nuclear reactors.

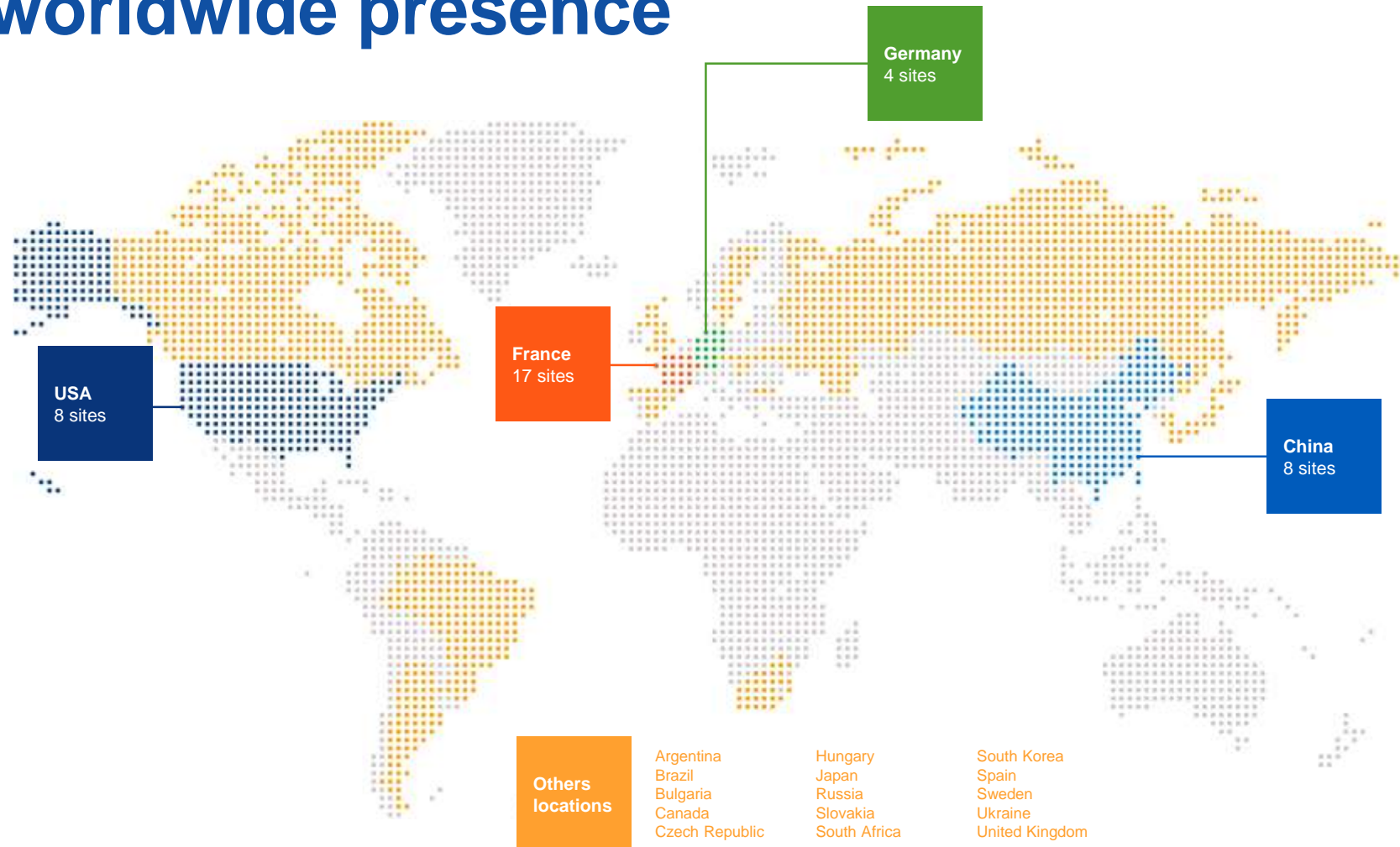
➤ **Original Equipment Manufacturer of 92 nuclear power plants**

➤ **14,000 employees serving more than 250 reactors worldwide and**

➤ **generating a turnover of € 3.3 billion in 2018**

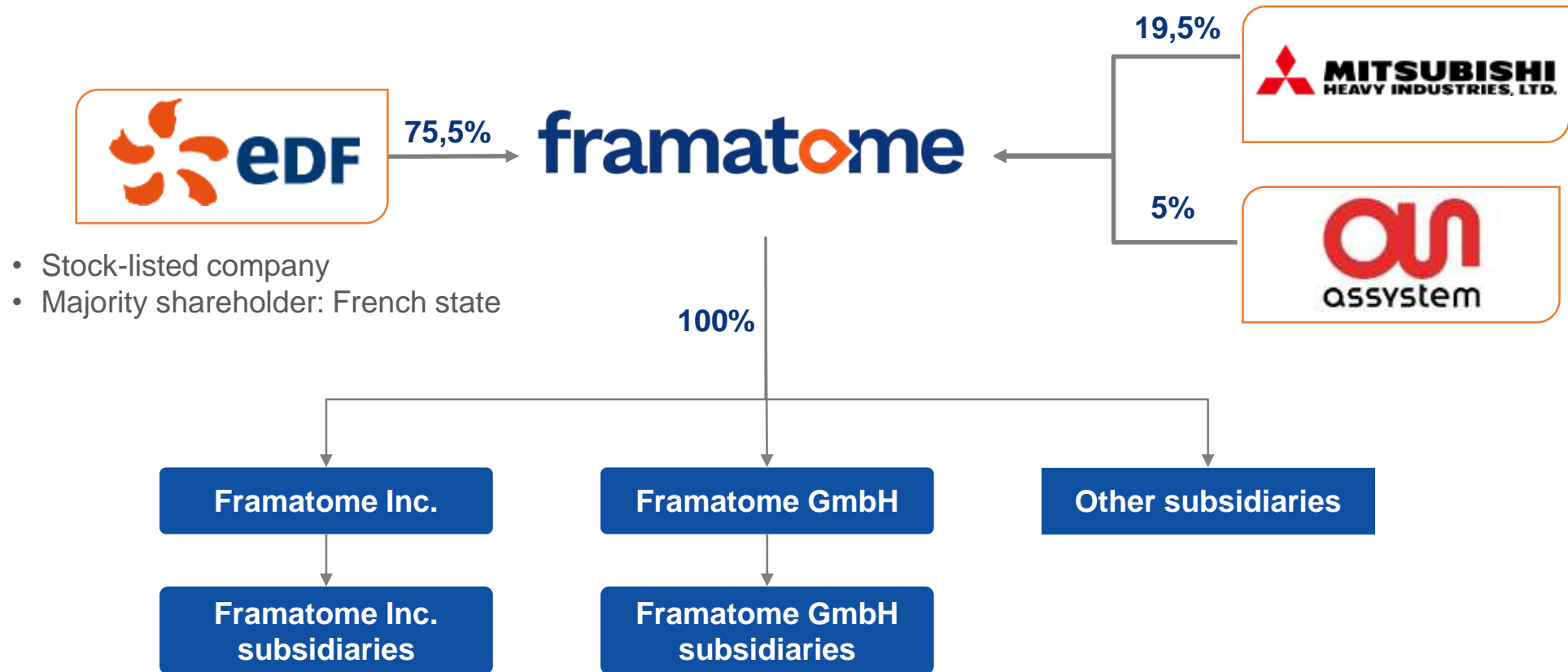
RIMA project – Framatome's industrial case – 11th of September, 2019

Our worldwide presence



**14 000 employees working on more than 250 reactors worldwide
at 53 locations in 20 countries**

Framatome shareholder structure



Our activities in a nutshell



Engineering & Design Authority: Development, design and licensing of Nuclear Steam Supply System (NSSS) and associated services



Component Manufacturing: design and manufacturing of heavy and mobile components for nuclear islands



Instrumentation & Control (I&C): Design and fabrication of safety I&C and automation systems for nuclear power plants



Fuel: development, design, licensing and fabrication of fuel assemblies and core components for PWR, BWR reactors, and research reactors. Development of zirconium products



Installed Base: Maintenance, engineering services for existing nuclear fleets and reactors under construction



Large Projects: Management and contribution to nuclear reactor new 'build projects

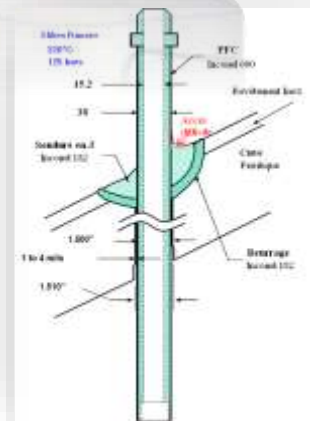
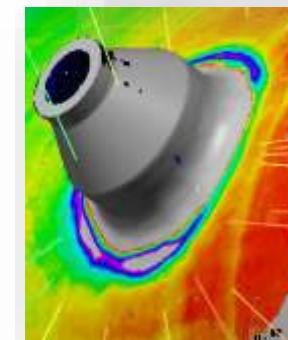
Objective as end-user

RIMA Challenge 3: Inspect/Repair of NPP equipment

- Welding
 - Adaptive feedback robotic gas tungsten arc welding (TIG)
 - Bead placement with proper orientation in weld groove and subsequent adaptation to as-welded shape
- Non Destructive Testing
 - Weld inspection in power plants
 - Ultrasonic inspection to cover the full volume of the weld
 - Ultrasonic beam need to be oriented correctly according to the surface geometry and the expected defects

The component shape is **complex**, the **exact geometry is not known** and the **positioning accuracy** of the welding tool or the ultrasonic probe is important

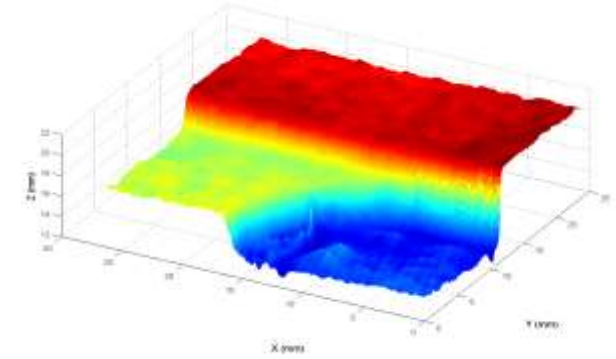
Place and move a « tool » automatically and **relatively to the real geometry** of the component with a **multi-axis robot**



Actual status

- On site laser scan of the component
- Point cloud management to generate a CAD file of the component
- Robot programming taking in account component geometry, welding or ultrasonic inspection requirements
- On-site robot installation and adjustment
- Alignment correction (hardware and software) between the robot and the component to get the best trajectory
- Welding or ultrasonic inspection operations

Generate excessive operations duration and operator dosimetry



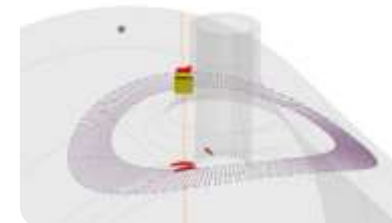
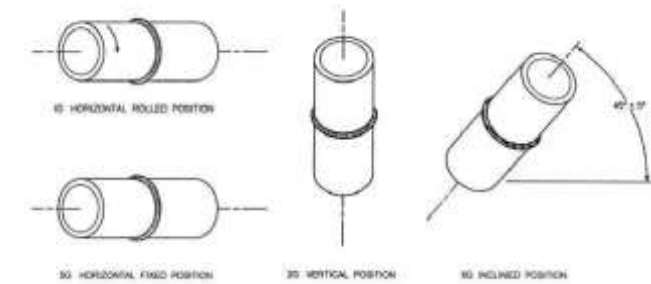
Description of operations

Welding

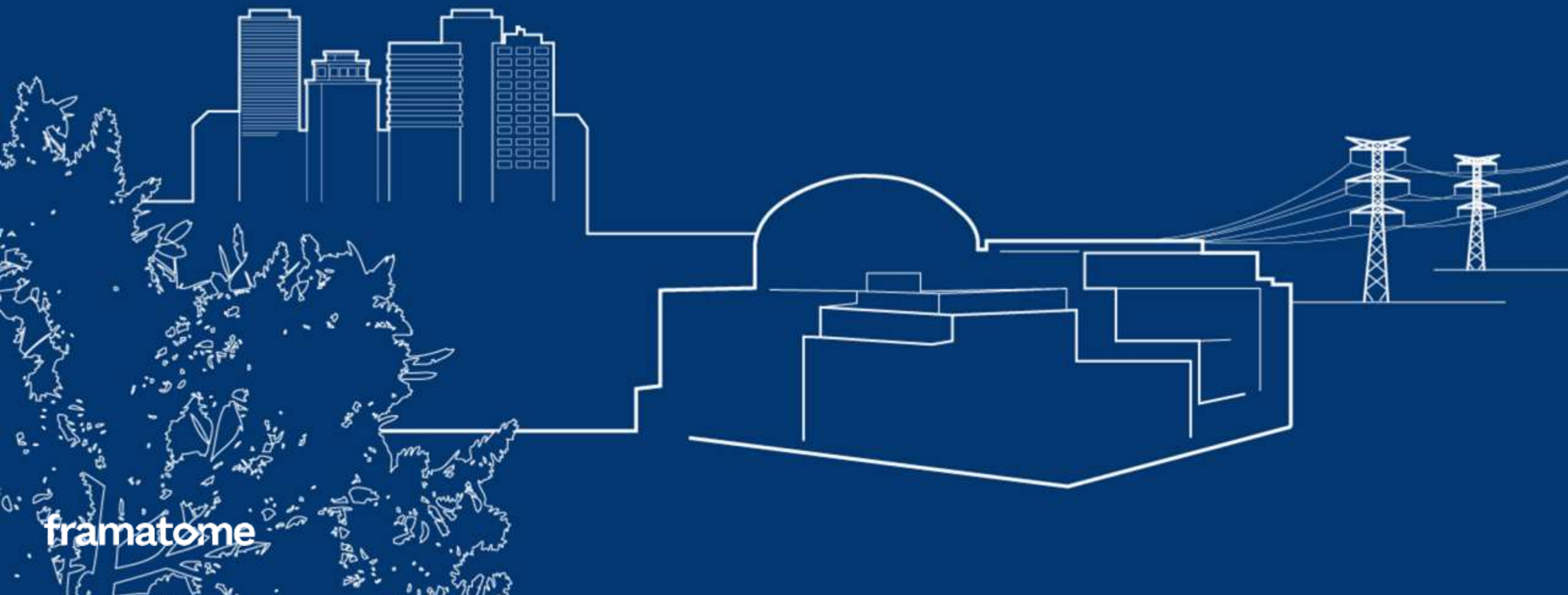
- TIG welding head (tungsten, wire feed, shielding gas)
 - Automatic voltage control to manage stand-off distance
- Adapt to standard, commercially available robots that are easy to transport to the workpiece
- Scan of environment to identify interferences
- Scan of weld / repair area and define bead placement
- Weld a single pass and scan as-welded configuration

Non Destructive Testing

- Use of a flexible ultrasonic array probe
- Use of a commercial robot
- Trajectory in daisy “shape”
- Ultrasonic probe distance and angle to the component could be measured by processing the ultrasonic signal



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